



database

of *poor*

**H**ouseholds

**AUROLA**





## 1. Brief Background on Who and Where the Poor Households Are

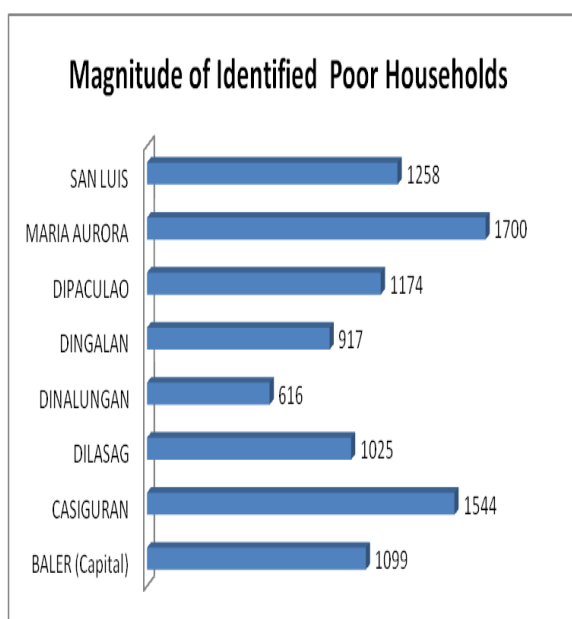


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the magnitude of poor households within the eight (8) municipalities of this province. Out of 18,902 households, 9333 were identified as poor.<sup>3</sup> The municipality of Maria Aurora listed to have the highest number of poor households with 1,700 or 18.21%. It is followed by Casiguran with 1,544 or 16.54% and San Luis with 1258 or 13.48%.<sup>4</sup>

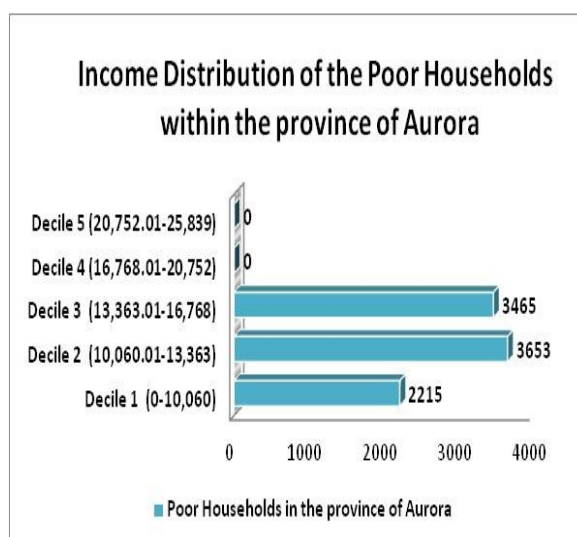


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the income distribution of poor households within this province. All of the identified poor households within this province (9,333) were found to earn below the annual per capita poverty threshold of PHP 16,275 (the needed income for a family of six members to be out of poverty)<sup>5</sup>. This means that a poor household with six (6) members earns PHP44.61 per day. There were no poor household that were found to have an income which is above or equal to the average annual per capita income.

<sup>3</sup> See attached Table 1.1 for Number of Households Assessed and Identified Poor Households

<sup>4</sup> See attached Table 1. 2 for the NHTS-PR list of Municipalities of the province of Pampanga in terms of Magnitude of Poor Households

<sup>5</sup> Official 2006 Annual Per Capita Poverty Threshold. (based on old methodology) by NSCB; Region III Annual Per Capita Threshold is P15,538.00 – P17,830.00



## 2. Who and where the poor households are in terms of household composition?

The average household size among identified poor households is six (6) members. The total number of poor individuals within this province is 57,676. Of these, 27,506 are women whereas 30,170 are men. It can also be regarded that children comprised a large portion of the population of poor individuals with 55.21 % percentage share.

The combined sector of women and children constituted almost half of the individual population of the poor. The sector of the children constituted the largest part of the total number of poor individuals with 55.21 % percentage share followed by the women sector which comprised the 47.69% of the total population of the poor individuals.<sup>7</sup> The levels of different sectors are presented as follows:

### a. Children's Sector

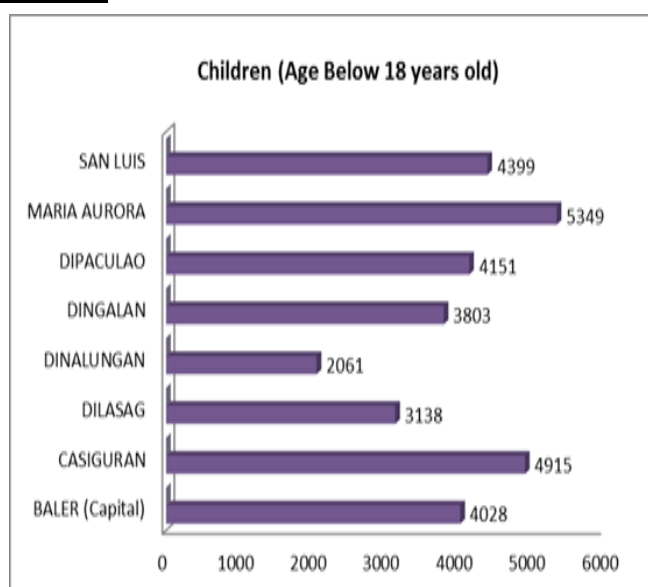


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows the number of children within this province whose ages were below 18. The municipality of Maria Aurora, Casiguran and San Luis were recorded to have the largest number of children in poor households. The percentage shares of poor children in these municipalities are 53.38%, 54.06% and 56.15% respectively.

Out of 26,300 children whose ages are within the interval 3 to 18 years, there were 6,548 who were not attending school. The municipality of Maria Aurora were recorded to have the largest number of poor children who are not attending school with 1,350 or 31.31%, followed by the municipality of Dingalan with 999 or 30.82% and Casiguran with 883 or 21.28%. In terms of educational attainment of poor children, 45.2% have reached elementary grade and only 14.8% were able to attain high school level.

<sup>7</sup> See attached Table 1.4 for the Magnitude of Poor Among Basic Sector



## b. Women Sector

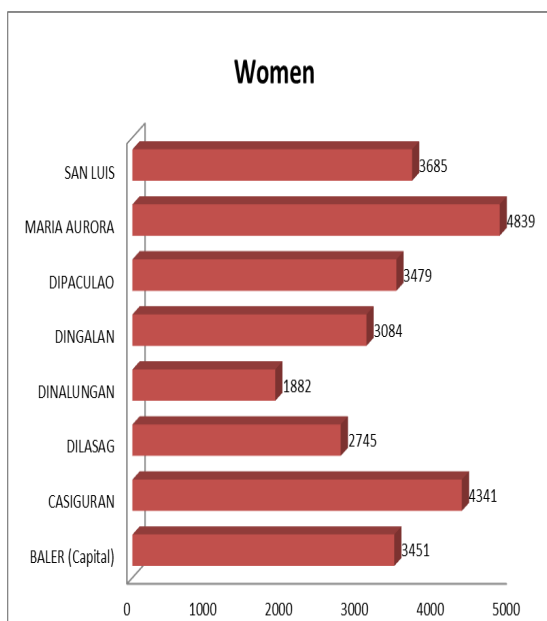


Figure 4

One attribution to the data on occupation could be in educational attainment of women in poor households. About 16.39% of women in poor households were not able to finish or complete any grade level at all, and 14.55% are able to finish elementary grade as well as 13.10% were able to finish high school.

This shows that majority or 15,233 or 55.38% of the women in poor households were not able to complete either an elementary, high school or a college degree but was able to reach a certain level in either education level.

The sector of women among the poor households constituted the 27,506 or 47.69% of the total number of poor individuals within this province.

The women sector in the age range of 15 years old and above are mostly engaged as laborers and/or unskilled workers (19.95%) and farmers/fisherfolks (2.85%). Another data that is note worthy is the high magnitude of women in poor households declaring no occupation (75.14%)

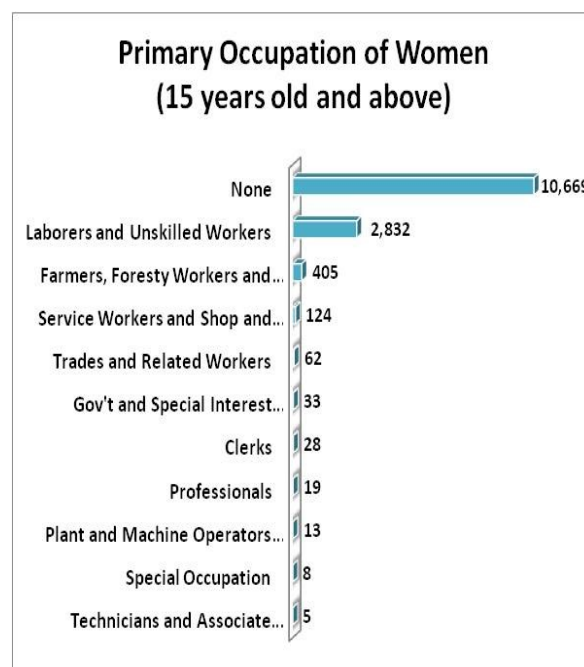


Figure 5

## c. Persons with Disability (PWD), Senior Citizens and Indigenous Peoples (IP) Group

There were 830 identified poor households with members who were found to have disability within this province. At an average, 119 households have a member who has any of the following disabilities e.g. hearing and visual impairment, speech defect, orthopedic, multiple disabilities, mentally challenged and other disability.<sup>8</sup>

<sup>8</sup> See attached Table 3.3 for Number of Poor Households by Type of Disability



The individual senior citizens of the poor households comprised the 1,549 or 2.69% of the total number of individuals within this province. Mostly they were found within the municipality of Maria Aurora, Casiguran and Baler.

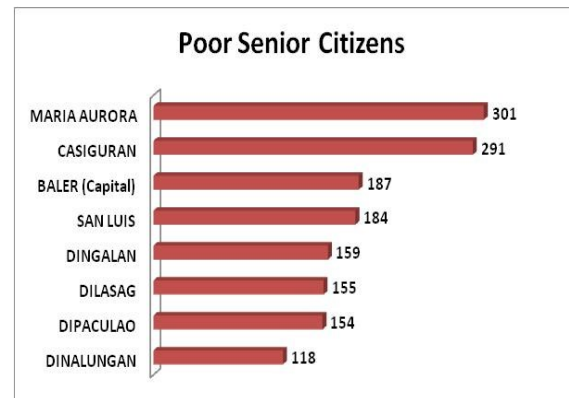


Figure 7

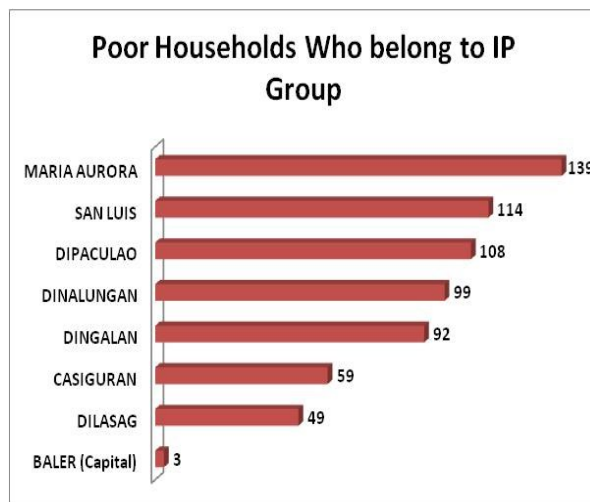


Figure 8

There are 663 poor households within this province who considered themselves as part of an indigenous people (IP) group. This constituted only a small part of the total number of poor households with only 7.1 % percentage share. They were mostly found within the municipality of Maria Aurora , San Luis and Dipaculao.

### 3. Who and where the poor households are in terms of educational attainment

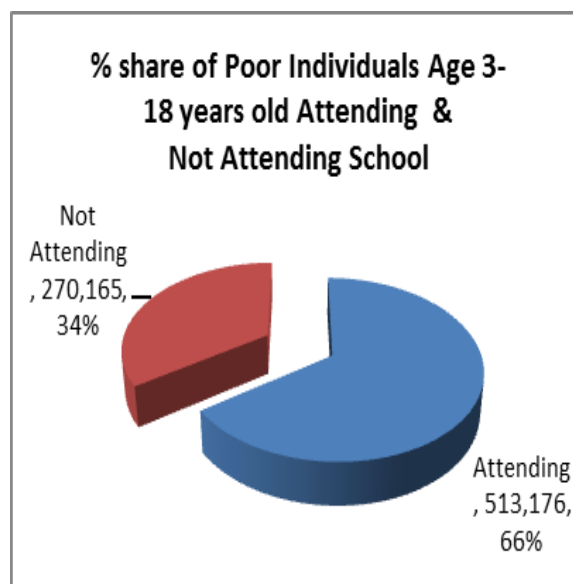


Figure 9

Majority or 75.1% of poor individuals of age 3-18 years old within this province were attending school, they were mostly found within the municipality of Casiguran, Maria Aurora and San Luis.<sup>9</sup>

The poor households put importance to education as evidenced by their attendance to school. Looking into age by level of schooling, 91.49 % of the poor individuals whose ages were within the interval 6-11 years were attending elementary, 48.19% of the poor individuals whose ages were within the interval 12-15 years were attending high school, and 15.60% of the poor individuals whose ages were within the interval 16-18 years were attending collegiate level. Notable is that 73.62% of the total poor households with school age children attends public school.

The highest educational attainment of poor individuals within this province were significant in the levels of no grade completed (17%) and elementary (15 %). Majority of the poor households within this province had no grade completed. High concentration of these poor individuals can be found in the municipality of Maria Aurora, Dingalan and Casiguran.

#### 4. Who and where the poor households are in terms of occupation?

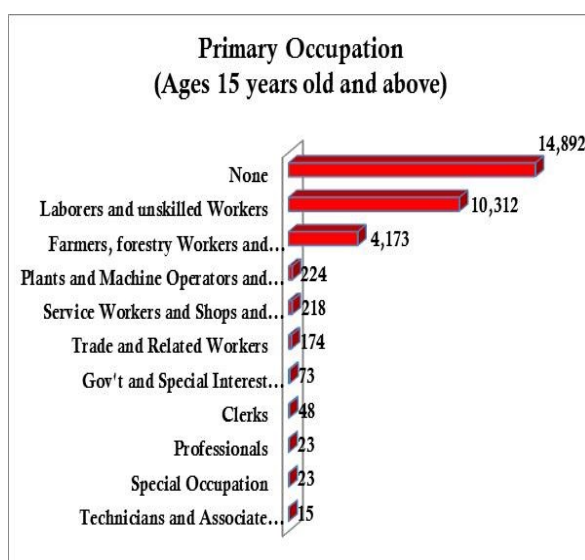


Figure 10

The poor households source their income either as labourers to different menial jobs with 10,312 or 34.17%, through farming and fishing with 4,173 or 13.83% and service workers with 218 or 0.72%.

Quite notable is the number of members of the poor households declaring no occupation comprising to 49.35% (given that the age range for the table is 15 years old and above).<sup>10</sup>

Majority of the members of poor households within this province who have declared no occupation were found within the municipality of Maria Aurora (16.98%), Casiguran (16.18%) and Dipaculao (13.35%).

<sup>9</sup> See attached Table 4.1 for Number of Poor Individuals Age 3-18 years old Attending School

<sup>10</sup> See attached Table 5.1 for Primary Occupation/Business Age 15 years old and above



## 5. Household Features of Poor Households

Out of 9,333 poor households within this province, 3,137 or 33.61% have roof that were made of light materials (cogon, nipa or bamboo). Same is true for the outer walls, 2,574 or 28% of the poor households have walls which were made up of light materials. Based on these data, 1,729 or 18.53% of the poor households within this province were considered to be vulnerable to natural/man-made disasters as they used light construction materials on the roofs and outer walls of their housing units.<sup>11</sup>

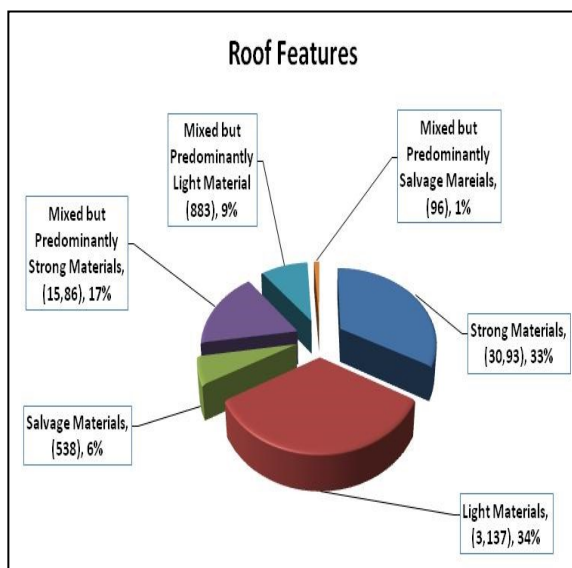


Figure 11

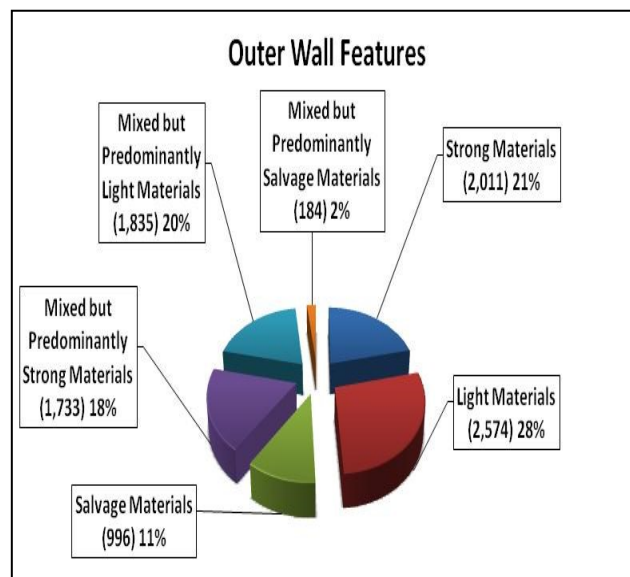


Figure 12

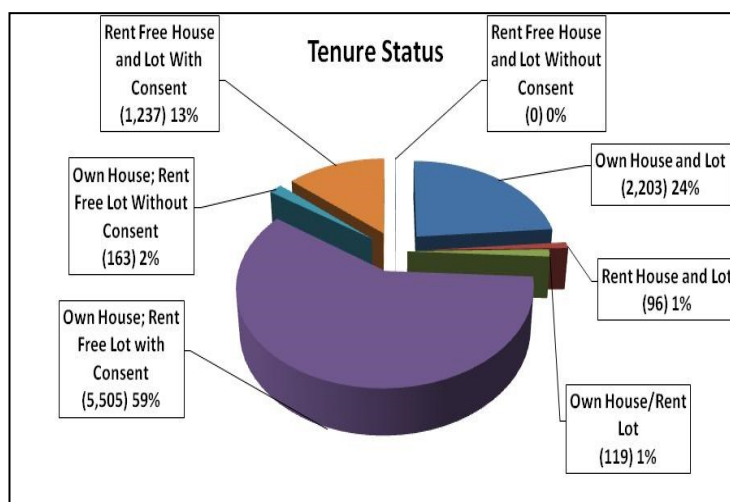


Figure 13

In terms of tenure status, out of the 9,333 poor households within this province, 5,505 or 59% have their *Own House but Rented Free Lot with Consent of the Owner*. These poor households can be mostly found within the municipality of Casiguran with 64.31%, Maria Aurora with 60.47% and Dinalungan with 60.23%.<sup>12</sup>

Furthermore, this situation is aggravated as poor households' minimal access to basic service facilities is also high (see Table B)

<sup>11</sup> See attached Table 2.3 for the Type of Roof and Outer Walls of the Housing Units Occupied by Poor Households

<sup>12</sup> See attached Table 2.5 Type of Tenure Status Occupied by Poor Households



## Number of Poor Household by Type of Toilet Facility and Main Water Source

	TOILET FACILITY					
Water Supply	TOTAL	Water Sealed	Closed Pit	Open Pit	Others (Pail)	None
<b>Safe Water Source<sup>13</sup></b>	7844	2922	1603	709	71	2539
<b>No Safe Water Source<sup>14</sup></b>	1489	441	269	181	17	581

For water and sanitary toilet facilities, it can be noted that the magnitude of poor households within this province with safe water source is relatively high at 84.05 % and that access to sanitary toilet is also fairly high with 56.1%. However, the number of poor households with no safe water source combined with unsanitary toilet practices<sup>15</sup> is 779 or 8.35% of the total number of identified poor households.

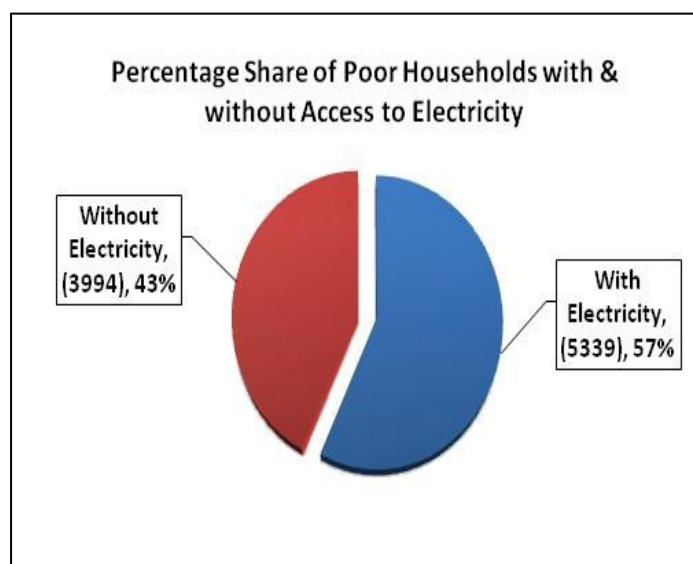


Figure 13

Majority of the poor households within this province have access to electricity with 57.21% percentage share, whereas only 42.79 % of the poor households have no access to electricity. The areas with still no access to electricity based on the number of poor households identified were found within the municipality of Casiguran (19.98%), Maria Aurora (16.47%) and Dilasag (16.17%).

<sup>13</sup> Safe Water Source refers to Own Use/Shared, Faucet, Community Water Supply, Tubed/Piped Well, NSO

<sup>14</sup> Unsafe Water Source refers to Dug Well, Spring, River, Stream, etc., Collected Rainfall, Peddler, NSO.

<sup>15</sup> Unsanitary Toilet refers to Open Pit, Others (Pail, etc.) and None, NSO.

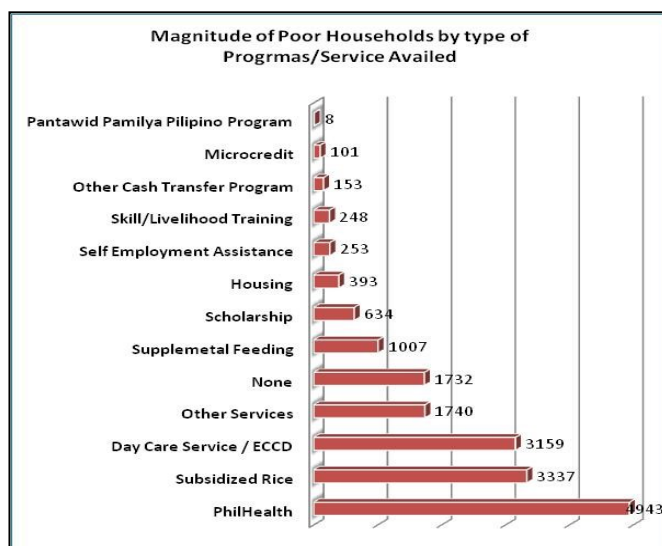


Figure 14

The top three programs/services that the poor households within this province have received from different LGUs and NGOs were: Philhealth Cards with 52.96% percentage share, Subsidized Rice with 35.75% and Day Care Service/ECCD with 10.21%. However, it is somewhat alarming that 18.56% of the identified poor households within this province do not received any programs or services from the government, LGUs and NGOs.<sup>16</sup>

Certain conveniences are also part of the features of the poor households. Assets such as Television, VCD/DVD, and Furniture, Stereo/CD Player, and Telephone/Cell phone are but a few of the poor households owned assets.<sup>17</sup>

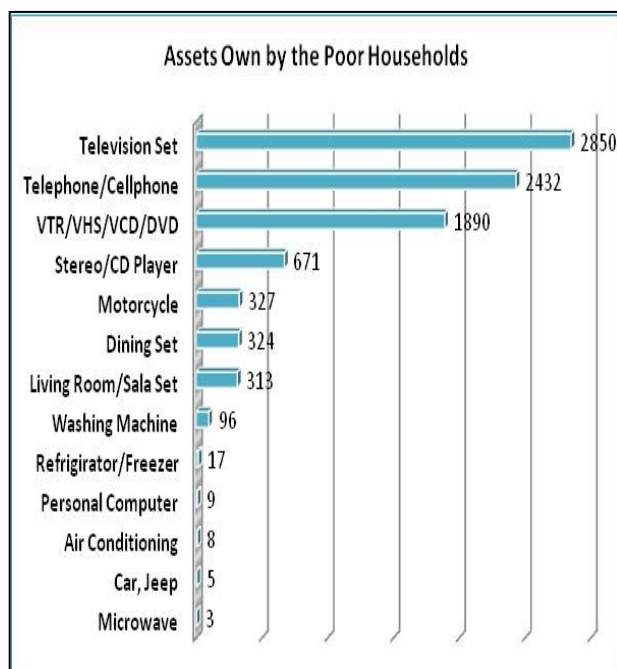


Figure 15

It is quite interesting that the priority of our poor households is entertainment (see Figure 15).

As presented in this paper, this poverty profile of the NHTS-PR identified poor households is based on existing NHTS-PR data as of July 2011. This poverty profile did not only focus the beam on the poor, it also attempted to emphasize the relevance and importance of identifying who and where the poor are and understanding their conditions and characteristics.

<sup>16</sup> See attached Table 6.2 for Number of Poor Households by Programs and Services Available

<sup>17</sup> See attached Table 2.7 for Number of Poor Households by Ownership of Assets



# NHTS-PR PROFILE OF THE POOR

## Source Tables



*“Without data, without facts, without information, any discussion about human conditions is just another opinion.”*



## 1. Magnitude

**Table 1.1 Number of HHs Assessed and Identified Poor HHs**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Households As- sessed</b>	<b>Identified Poor HHs</b>	<b>Municipalitywide Share</b>
<i><b>Municipality</b></i>	<b>18,902</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>100.00%</b>
BALER (Capital)	2,081	1,099	11.78%
CASIGURAN	2,763	1,544	16.54%
DILASAG	1,881	1,025	10.98%
DINALUNGAN	1,140	616	6.60%
DINGALAN	2,379	917	9.83%
DIPACULAO	2,647	1,174	12.58%
MARIA AURORA	3,674	1,700	18.21%
SAN LUIS	2,337	1,258	13.48%

**Table 1.2 NHTS-PR list of Municipalities in Terms of Magnitude of Poor HHs**

Rank	Municipality	Number of Poor HHs
1	MARIA AURORA	1,700
2	CASIGURAN	1,544
3	SAN LUIS	1,258
4	DIPACULAO	1,174
5	BALER (Capital)	1,099
6	DILASAG	1,025
7	DINGALAN	917
8	DINALUNGAN	616

**Table 1.3 Income distribution of the Poor Households**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Decile 1 (0-10,060)</b>	<b>Decile 2 (10,060.01- 13,363)</b>	<b>Decile 3 (13,363.01- 16,768)</b>	<b>Decile 4 (16,768.01- 20,752)</b>	<b>Decile 5 (20,752.01- 25,839)</b>
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>2,215</b>	<b>3,653</b>	<b>3,465</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	306	419	374	0	0
CASIGURAN	1,544	436	608	500	0	0
DILASAG	1,025	250	418	357	0	0
DINALUNGAN	616	144	263	209	0	0
DINGALAN	917	173	359	385	0	0
DIPACULAO	1,174	214	465	495	0	0
MARIA AURORA	1,700	363	632	705	0	0
SAN LUIS	1,258	329	489	440	0	0





Table 1.4 Magnitude of Poor Among Basic Sectors

AURORA	TOTAL INDIVIDUAL	Basic Sector					
		WOMEN		Farmers, forestry and Fisher Folks (Age 15 Years old and above)		Youth (Age 15 to 30 years old)	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>57,676</b>	<b>27,506</b>	<b>47.69%</b>	<b>4,173</b>	<b>7.24%</b>	<b>15,076</b>	<b>26.14%</b>
BALER (Capital)	7,177	3,451	48.08%	523	7.29%	1,809	25.21%
CASIGURAN	9,092	4,341	47.75%	946	10.40%	2,397	26.36%
DILASAG	5,882	2,745	46.67%	768	13.06%	1,658	28.19%
DINALUNGAN	3,901	1,882	48.24%	375	9.61%	1,122	28.76%
DINGALAN	6,388	3,084	48.28%	68	1.06%	1,526	23.89%
DIPACULAO	7,381	3,479	47.13%	177	2.40%	1,885	25.54%
MARIA AURORA	10,020	4,839	48.29%	514	5.13%	2,637	26.32%
SAN LUIS	7,835	3,685	47.03%	802	10.24%	2,042	26.06%

**Table 1.4 Magnitude of Poor Among Basic Sectors**

AURORA	TOTAL INDIVIDUAL	Basic Sector			
		Children (Age Below 18 years old)		Senior (Age 60 years old and Above)	
<i>Municipality</i>	<b>57,676</b>	<b>31,844</b>	<b>55.21%</b>	<b>1,549</b>	<b>2.69%</b>
BALER (Capital)	7,177	4,028	56.12%	187	2.61%
CASIGURAN	9,092	4,915	54.06%	291	3.20%
DILASAG	5,882	3,138	53.35%	155	2.64%
DINALUNGAN	3,901	2,061	52.83%	118	3.02%
DINGALAN	6,388	3,803	59.53%	159	2.49%
DIPACULAO	7,381	4,151	56.24%	154	2.09%
MARIA AURORA	10,020	5,349	53.38%	301	3.00%
SAN LUIS	7,835	4,399	56.15%	184	2.35%



## 2. Housing Condition

**Table 2.1 Type of Construction Material Used for the Roof of Housing Units Occupied by Poor Household**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Strong Materials</b>		<b>Light Materials</b>		<b>Salvage Materials</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>3,093</b>	<b>33.14%</b>	<b>3,137</b>	<b>33.61%</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>5.76%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	390	35.49%	353	32.12%	52	4.73%
CASIGURAN	1,544	339	21.96%	868	56.22%	13	0.84%
DILASAG	1,025	381	37.17%	346	33.76%	12	1.17%
DINALUNGAN	616	112	18.18%	326	52.92%	10	1.62%
DINGALAN	917	533	58.12%	143	15.59%	73	7.96%
DIPACULAO	1,174	351	29.90%	301	25.64%	194	16.52%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	431	25.35%	518	30.47%	90	5.29%
SAN LUIS	1,258	556	44.20%	282	22.42%	94	7.47%



**Table 2.1 Type of Construction Material Used for the Roof of Housing Units Occupied by Poor Household**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Mixed but Predominantly Strong Materials</b>		<b>Mixed but Predominantly Light Materials</b>		<b>Mixed but Predominantly Salvage Materials</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>1,586</b>	<b>16.99%</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>9.46%</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>1.03%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	170	15.47%	125	11.37%	9	0.82%
CASIGURAN	1,544	215	13.92%	104	6.74%	5	0.32%
DILASAG	1,025	161	15.71%	114	11.12%	11	1.07%
DINALUNGAN	616	124	20.13%	39	6.33%	5	0.81%
DINGALAN	917	88	9.60%	62	6.76%	18	1.96%
DIPACULAO	1,174	217	18.48%	99	8.43%	12	1.02%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	485	28.53%	152	8.94%	24	1.41%
SAN LUIS	1,258	126	10.02%	188	14.94%	12	0.95%



**Table 2.2 Type of Construction Material Used for the OuterWall of Housing Units Occupied by Poor Household**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Strong Materials</b>		<b>Light Materials</b>		<b>Salvage Materials</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>2,011</b>	<b>21.55%</b>	<b>2,574</b>	<b>27.58%</b>	<b>996</b>	<b>10.67%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	100	9.10%	492	44.77%	146	13.28%
CASIGURAN	1,544	408	26.42%	590	38.21%	73	4.73%
DILASAG	1,025	385	37.56%	139	13.56%	88	8.59%
DINALUNGAN	616	118	19.16%	80	12.99%	15	2.44%
DINGALAN	917	539	58.78%	97	10.58%	109	11.89%
DIPACULAO	1,174	96	8.18%	258	21.98%	328	27.94%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	124	7.29%	538	31.65%	101	5.94%
SAN LUIS	1,258	241	19.16%	380	30.21%	136	10.81%

**Table 2.2 Type of Construction Material Used for the OuterWall of Housing Units Occupied by Poor Household**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Mixed but Predominantly Strong Materials</b>		<b>Mixed but Predominantly Light Materials</b>		<b>Mixed but Predominantly Salvage Materials</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>1,733</b>	<b>18.57%</b>	<b>1,835</b>	<b>19.66%</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>1.97%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	67	6.10%	280	25.48%	14	1.27%
CASIGURAN	1,544	238	15.41%	211	13.67%	24	1.55%
DILASAG	1,025	173	16.88%	219	21.37%	21	2.05%
DINALUNGAN	616	250	40.58%	138	22.40%	15	2.44%
DINGALAN	917	122	13.30%	43	4.69%	7	0.76%
DIPACULAO	1,174	216	18.40%	248	21.12%	28	2.39%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	550	32.35%	320	18.82%	67	3.94%
SAN LUIS	1,258	117	9.30%	376	29.89%	8	0.64%





**Table 2.3 Type of Construction Materials of Roof and Outer Walls of the Housing Unit Occupied by Poor Households**

Roof Materials	Outer Wall Materials					
	Strong Material		Light Material		Salvage Material	
<b>Strong Material</b>	<b>1,465</b>	<b>15.70%</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>3.08%</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>0.23%</b>
<b>Light Material</b>	439	4.70%	1,729	18.53%	48	0.51%
<b>Salvage Material</b>	118	1.26%	306	3.28%	422	4.52%
<b>Mixed but Predominantly Strong Material</b>	594	6.36%	302	3.24%	19	0.20%
<b>Mixed but Predominantly Light Material</b>	444	4.76%	455	4.88%	25	0.27%
<b>Mixed but Predominantly Salvage Material</b>	33	0.35%	58	0.62%	3	0.03%

**Table 2.3 Type of Construction Materials of Roof and Outer Walls of the Housing Unit Occupied by Poor Households**

Roof Materials	Outer Wall Materials					
	Mixed but Predominantly Strong Material		Mixed but Predominantly Light Materials		Mixed but Predominantly Salvage Material	
<b>Strong Material</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>1.91%</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>0.56%</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.09%</b>
<b>Light Material</b>	230	2.46%	116	1.24%	12	0.13%
<b>Salvage Material</b>	68	0.73%	72	0.77%	10	0.11%
<b>Mixed but Predominantly Strong Material</b>	740	7.93%	74	0.79%	4	0.04%
<b>Mixed but Predominantly Light Material</b>	345	3.70%	546	5.85%	20	0.21%
<b>Mixed but Predominantly Salvage Material</b>	25	0.27%	23	0.25%	42	0.45%



Table 2.4 Type of Building/House Occupied by Poor Households

AURORA	Total HHs	Single House		Duplex		Apartment/ Condominiums/ Townhouse		Commercial/ Industrial/ Agricultural House		Other Housing	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>8,980</b>	<b>96.22%</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>3.49%</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.05%</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0.17%</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0.06%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	1,035	94.18%	62	5.64%	1	0.09%	0	0.00%	1	0.09%
CASIGURAN	1,544	1,526	98.83%	13	0.84%	0	0.00%	4	0.26%	1	0.06%
DILASAG	1,025	1,014	98.93%	10	0.98%	0	0.00%	1	0.10%	0	0.00%
DINALUNGAN	616	596	96.75%	17	2.76%	1	0.16%	2	0.32%	0	0.00%
DINGALAN	917	849	92.58%	64	6.98%	3	0.33%	1	0.11%	0	0.00%
DIPACULAO	1,174	1,121	95.49%	50	4.26%	0	0.00%	3	0.26%	0	0.00%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	1,618	95.18%	77	4.53%	0	0.00%	5	0.29%	0	0.00%
SAN LUIS	1,258	1,221	97.06%	33	2.62%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	4	0.32%

**Table 2.5 Type of Tenure Status Occupied by Poor Households**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total HHS</b>	<b>Own House and Lot</b>		<b>Rent House and Lot</b>		<b>Own House/ Rent Lot</b>		<b>Own House; Rent Free Lot with Consent</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>2,203</b>	<b>23.60%</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>1.03%</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>1.28%</b>	<b>5,505</b>	<b>58.98%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	217	19.75%	10	0.91%	70	6.37%	641	58.33%
CASIGURAN	1,544	325	21.05%	9	0.58%	6	0.39%	993	64.31%
DILASAG	1,025	314	30.63%	4	0.39%	7	0.68%	568	55.41%
DINALUNGAN	616	153	24.84%	6	0.97%	15	2.44%	371	60.23%
DINGALAN	917	243	26.50%	22	2.40%	3	0.33%	531	57.91%
DIPACULAO	1,174	262	22.32%	9	0.77%	4	0.34%	661	56.30%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	351	20.65%	30	1.76%	12	0.71%	1028	60.47%
SAN LUIS	1,258	338	26.87%	6	0.48%	2	0.16%	712	56.60%





Table 2.5 Type of Tenure Status Occupied by Poor Households

AURORA	Total HHS	Own House and Lot		Rent Free House and Lot With Consent		Rent Free House and Lot Without Consent	
<i>Municipality</i>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>2,203</b>	<b>23.60%</b>	<b>1,237</b>	<b>13.25%</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>0.11%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	217	19.75%	127	11.56%	1	0.09%
CASIGURAN	1,544	325	21.05%	201	13.02%	1	0.06%
DILASAG	1,025	314	30.63%	117	11.41%	1	0.10%
DINALUNGAN	616	153	24.84%	65	10.55%	0	0.00%
DINGALAN	917	243	26.50%	102	11.12%	0	0.00%
DIPACULAO	1,174	262	22.32%	228	19.42%	1	0.09%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	351	20.65%	244	14.35%	0	0.00%
SAN LUIS	1,258	338	26.87%	153	12.16%	6	0.48%

**Table 2.6 Number of Poor Household With and Without Access to Electricity**

<b>Aurora</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>With Electricity</b>		<b>Without Electricity</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>5,339</b>	<b>57.21%</b>	<b>3,994</b>	<b>42.79%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	749	68.15%	350	31.85%
CASIGURAN	1,544	746	48.32%	798	51.68%
DILASAG	1,025	379	36.98%	646	63.02%
DINALUNGAN	616	356	57.79%	260	42.21%
DINGALAN	917	551	60.09%	366	39.91%
DIPACULAO	1,174	699	59.54%	475	40.46%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	1,042	61.29%	658	38.71%
SAN LUIS	1,258	817	64.94%	441	35.06%



Table 2.7 Number of Poor Household by Ownership of Assets

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total HHs</b>	<b>Television Set</b>		<b>VTR/VHS/VCD/DVD</b>		<b>Stereo/CD Player</b>		<b>Refrigerator/Freezer</b>		<b>Washing Machine</b>	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>2,850</b>	<b>30.54%</b>	<b>1,890</b>	<b>20.25%</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>7.19%</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0.18%</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>1.03%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	470	42.77%	217	19.75%	113	10.28%	4	0.36%	24	2.18%
CASIGURAN	1,544	344	22.28%	301	19.49%	119	7.71%	3	0.19%	12	0.78%
DILASAG	1,025	184	17.95%	177	17.27%	40	3.90%	0	0.00%	2	0.20%
DINALUNGAN	616	162	26.30%	148	24.03%	13	2.11%	1	0.16%	1	0.16%
DINGALAN	917	326	35.55%	180	19.63%	32	3.49%	0	0.00%	18	1.96%
DIPACULAO	1,174	347	29.56%	234	19.93%	73	6.22%	1	0.09%	6	0.51%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	584	34.35%	363	21.35%	117	6.88%	2	0.12%	19	1.12%
SAN LUIS	1,258	433	34.42%	270	21.46%	164	13.04%	6	0.48%	14	1.11%

**Table 2.7 Number of Poor Household by Ownership of Assets**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total HHs</b>	<b>Air Conditioning</b>		<b>Living Room/ Sala Set</b>		<b>Dining Set</b>		<b>Car, Jeep</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.09%</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>3.35%</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>3.47%</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.05%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	0	0.00%	69	6.28%	5	0.45%	0	0.00%
CASIGURAN	1,544	1	0.06%	83	5.38%	80	5.18%	3	0.19%
DILASAG	1,025	0	0.00%	52	5.07%	47	4.59%	0	0.00%
DINALUNGAN	616	0	0.00%	6	0.97%	0	0.00%	1	0.16%
DINGALAN	917	6	0.65%	4	0.44%	3	0.33%	0	0.00%
DIPACULAO	1,174	0	0.00%	9	0.77%	6	0.51%	0	0.00%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	0	0.00%	13	0.76%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
SAN LUIS	1,258	1	0.08%	77	6.12%	183	14.55%	1	0.08%



Table 2.7 Number of Poor Household by Ownership of Assets

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total HHs</b>	<b>Telephone/Cellphone</b>		<b>Personal Computer</b>		<b>Microwave</b>		<b>Motorcycle</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>2,432</b>	<b>26.06%</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0.10%</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.03%</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>3.50%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	374	34.03%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	92	8.37%
CASIGURAN	1,544	494	31.99%	3	0.19%	0	0.00%	17	1.10%
DILASAG	1,025	243	23.71%	0	0.00%	1	0.10%	19	1.85%
DINALUNGAN	616	177	28.73%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	4	0.65%
DINGALAN	917	263	28.68%	1	0.11%	2	0.22%	28	3.05%
DIPACULAO	1,174	298	25.38%	1	0.09%	0	0.00%	31	2.64%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	391	23.00%	3	0.18%	0	0.00%	84	4.94%
SAN LUIS	1,258	192	15.26%	1	0.08%	0	0.00%	52	4.13%



### 3. HEALTH

**Table 3.1 Number of Poor Household by Type of Toilet Facility**

Aurora	Total	Water-sealed		Closed Pit		Open Pit		Others		None	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>3,363</b>	<b>36.03%</b>	<b>1,872</b>	<b>20.06%</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>9.54%</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>0.94%</b>	<b>3,120</b>	<b>33.43%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	293	26.66%	251	22.84%	76	6.92%	14	1.27%	465	42.31%
CASIGURAN	1,544	531	34.39%	300	19.43%	121	7.84%	18	1.17%	574	37.18%
DILASAG	1,025	435	42.44%	301	29.37%	100	9.76%	1	0.10%	188	18.34%
DINALUNGAN	616	295	47.89%	161	26.14%	11	1.79%	2	0.32%	147	23.86%
DINGALAN	917	336	36.64%	89	9.71%	51	5.56%	9	0.98%	432	47.11%
DIPACULAO	1,174	405	34.50%	231	19.68%	147	12.52%	22	1.87%	369	31.43%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	625	36.76%	186	10.94%	302	17.76%	8	0.47%	579	34.06%
SAN LUIS	1,258	443	35.21%	353	28.06%	82	6.52%	14	1.11%	366	29.09%



Table 3.2 Number of Poor Households who have an Access to Safe Water Source

Aurora	Total	Safe Water Source		Unsafe Water Source	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>7,844</b>	<b>84.05%</b>	<b>1,489</b>	<b>15.95%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	1,075	97.82%	24	2.18%
CASIGURAN	1,544	1,295	83.87%	249	16.13%
DILASAG	1,025	993	96.88%	32	3.12%
DINALUNGAN	616	593	96.27%	23	3.73%
DINGALAN	917	749	81.68%	168	18.32%
DIPACULAO	1,174	1,018	86.71%	156	13.29%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	1,340	78.82%	360	21.18%
SAN LUIS	1,258	781	62.08%	477	37.92%

**Table 3.3 Number of poor households by type of toilet facility and safe water source**

WATER SUPPLY	TOTAL	TOILET FACILITY				
		Water-Sealed	Closed Pit	Open Pit	Others (Pail)	None
Safe Water Source	7,844	2,922	1,603	709	71	2,539
No Safe Water Source	1,489	441	269	181	17	581



Table 3.4 Number of Poor Households by Type of Disability

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total number of Poor HHs</b>	<b>Hearing</b>		<b>Visual</b>		<b>Speech</b>		<b>Orthopedic</b>	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>0.45%</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>1.50%</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>0.77%</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>1.30%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	2	0.18%	18	1.64%	6	0.55%	7	0.64%
CASIGURAN	1,544	4	0.26%	18	1.17%	10	0.65%	10	0.65%
DILASAG	1,025	4	0.39%	32	3.12%	4	0.39%	13	1.27%
DINALUNGAN	616	2	0.32%	13	2.11%	8	1.30%	8	1.30%
DINGALAN	917	4	0.44%	11	1.20%	10	1.09%	15	1.64%
DIPACULAO	1,174	4	0.34%	10	0.85%	8	0.68%	16	1.36%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	8	0.47%	17	1.00%	14	0.82%	33	1.94%
SAN LUIS	1,258	14	1.11%	21	1.67%	12	0.95%	19	1.51%

**Table 3.4 Number of Poor Households by Type of Disability**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total number of Poor HHs</b>	<b>Multiple disabili- ties</b>		<b>Mental</b>		<b>Other</b>		<b>No household member is disabled</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>1.05%</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>0.86%</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>2.97%</b>	<b>8,503</b>	<b>91.11%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	7	0.64%	3	0.27%	33	3.00%	1,023	93.08%
CASIGURAN	1,544	11	0.71%	7	0.45%	45	2.91%	1,439	93.20%
DILASAG	1,025	14	1.37%	5	0.49%	35	3.41%	918	89.56%
DINALUNGAN	616	15	2.44%	2	0.32%	6	0.97%	562	91.23%
DINGALAN	917	7	0.76%	12	1.31%	42	4.58%	816	88.99%
DIPACULAO	1,174	16	1.36%	10	0.85%	30	2.56%	1,080	91.99%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	14	0.82%	23	1.35%	54	3.18%	1,537	90.41%
SAN LUIS	1,258	14	1.11%	18	1.43%	32	2.54%	1,128	89.67%





## 4. EDUCATION

**Table 4.1 Number of Poor Individuals age 3 to 18 year old Attending School**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Attending</b>		<b>Not Attending</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>				
BALER (Capital)	19,752	75.10%	6,548	24.90%
CASIGURAN	2,550	77.11%	757	22.89%
DILASAG	3,267	78.72%	883	21.28%
DINALUNGAN	2,004	77.40%	585	22.60%
DINGALAN	1,302	76.81%	393	23.19%
DIPACULAO	2,242	69.18%	999	30.82%
MARIA AURORA	2,557	75.49%	830	24.51%
SAN LUIS	2,962	68.69%	1,350	31.31%
	2,868	79.25%	751	20.75%

**Table 4.2 Type of School attended by individuals age 3-18 year old**

Aurora	Total	Public School		Private School		Not Applicable	
		Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>26,295</b>	<b>19,358</b>	<b>73.62%</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>1.48%</b>	<b>6,548</b>	<b>24.90%</b>
BALER (Capital)	<b>3,306</b>	2,498	75.56%	51	1.54%	757	22.90%
CASIGURAN	<b>4,149</b>	3,205	77.25%	61	1.47%	883	21.28%
DILASAG	<b>2,588</b>	1,993	<b>77.01%</b>	10	0.39%	585	22.60%
DINALUNGAN	<b>1,695</b>	1,288	<b>75.99%</b>	14	0.83%	393	23.19%
DINGALAN	<b>3,241</b>	2,196	<b>67.76%</b>	46	1.42%	999	30.82%
DIPACULAO	<b>3,386</b>	2,480	<b>73.24%</b>	76	2.24%	830	24.51%
MARIA AURORA	<b>4,312</b>	2,908	<b>67.44%</b>	54	1.25%	1,350	31.31%
SAN LUIS	<b>3,618</b>	2,790	<b>77.11%</b>	77	2.13%	751	20.76%



## 5. LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

**Table 5.1 Primary Occupation/Business age 15 year old and above**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total Individual</b>	<b>Special Occupation</b>		<b>Gov't and Special Interest Organization Officials</b>		<b>Professionals</b>		<b>Technicians and Associate Professionals</b>	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>30,175</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>0.08%</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>0.24%</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>0.08%</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0.05%</b>
BALER (Capital)	3,646	3	0.08%	17	0.47%	5	0.14%	6	0.16%
CASIGURAN	4,897	2	0.04%	8	0.16%	3	0.06%	0	0.00%
DILASAG	3,197	1	0.03%	6	0.19%	3	0.09%	0	0.00%
DINALUNGAN	2,171	2	0.09%	0	0.00%	1	0.05%	3	0.14%
DINGALAN	3,130	4	0.13%	0	0.00%	2	0.06%	0	0.00%
DIPACULAO	3,733	2	0.05%	1	0.03%	2	0.05%	2	0.05%
MARIA AURORA	5,380	3	0.06%	17	0.32%	5	0.09%	2	0.04%
SAN LUIS	4,021	6	0.15%	24	0.60%	2	0.05%	2	0.05%

**Table 5.1 Primary Occupation/Business age 15 year old and above**

<b>AURORA</b>	<b>Total Individual</b>	<b>Clerks</b>		<b>Service Workers and Shops and Market Sales workers</b>		<b>Farmers, forestry Workers and Fishermen</b>		<b>Trade and Related Workers</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>30,175</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>0.16%</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>0.72%</b>	<b>4,173</b>	<b>13.83%</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>0.58%</b>
BALER (Capital)	3,646	8	0.22%	16	0.44%	523	14.34%	24	0.66%
CASIGURAN	4,897	11	0.22%	10	0.20%	946	19.32%	3	0.06%
DILASAG	3,197	5	0.16%	12	0.38%	768	24.02%	6	0.19%
DINALUNGAN	2,171	2	0.09%	62	2.86%	375	17.27%	11	0.51%
DINGALAN	3,130	0	0.00%	5	0.16%	68	2.17%	3	0.10%
DIPACULAO	3,733	1	0.03%	10	0.27%	177	4.74%	18	0.48%
MARIA AURORA	5,380	11	0.20%	50	0.93%	514	9.55%	37	0.69%
SAN LUIS	4,021	10	0.25%	53	1.32%	802	19.95%	72	1.79%



Table 5.1 Primary Occupation/Business age 15 year old and above

AURORA	Total Individual	Plants and Machine Operators and Assemblers		Laborers and unskilled Workers		None	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>30,175</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>0.74%</b>	<b>10,312</b>	<b>34.17%</b>	<b>14,892</b>	<b>49.35%</b>
BALER (Capital)	3,646	15	0.41%	1,072	29.40%	1,957	53.68%
CASIGURAN	4,897	68	1.39%	1,437	29.34%	2,409	49.19%
DILASAG	3,197	20	0.63%	849	26.56%	1,527	47.76%
DINALUNGAN	2,171	19	0.88%	903	41.59%	793	36.53%
DINGALAN	3,130	16	0.51%	1,322	42.24%	1,710	54.63%
DIPACULAO	3,733	18	0.48%	1,514	40.56%	1,988	53.25%
MARIA AURORA	5,380	61	1.13%	2,152	40.00%	2,528	46.99%
SAN LUIS	4,021	7	0.17%	1,063	26.44%	1,980	49.24%



## 6. OTHERS

**Table 6.1 Number of Poor Households who belong to Indigenous Group of People**

AURORA	Total	Number of Household considered as part IP group		Number of Household not considered as part IP group		No Answer (4Ps Set 1) *	
		Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>663</b>	<b>7.10%</b>	<b>8,670</b>	<b>92.90%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	3	0.27%	1,096	99.73%	0	0.00%
CASIGURAN	1,544	59	3.82%	1,485	96.18%	0	0.00%
DILASAG	1,025	49	4.78%	976	95.22%	0	0.00%
DINALUNGAN	616	99	16.07%	517	83.93%	0	0.00%
DINGALAN	917	92	10.03%	825	89.97%	0	0.00%
DIPACULAO	1,174	108	9.20%	1,066	90.80%	0	0.00%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	139	8.18%	1,561	91.82%	0	0.00%
SAN LUIS	1,258	114	9.06%	1,144	90.94%	0	0.00%



Table 6.2. Number of Poor Household by Programs/Services availed

Aurora	Total HHs	Scholarship		Day Care Service / ECCD		Supplemental Feeding		Subsidized Rice		PhilHealth	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>6.79%</b>	<b>3,159</b>	<b>33.85%</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>10.79%</b>	<b>3,337</b>	<b>35.75%</b>	<b>4,943</b>	<b>52.96%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	113	10.28%	529	48.13%	212	19.29%	90	8.19%	514	46.77%
CASIGURAN	1,544	74	4.79%	1,053	68.20%	362	23.45%	1,249	80.89%	629	40.74%
DILASAG	1,025	55	5.37%	596	58.15%	209	20.39%	775	75.61%	600	58.54%
DINALUNGAN	616	9	1.46%	99	16.07%	72	11.69%	3	0.49%	241	39.12%
DINGALAN	917	92	10.03%	212	23.12%	55	6.00%	21	2.29%	401	43.73%
DIPACULAO	1,174	44	3.75%	178	15.16%	12	1.02%	310	26.41%	629	53.58%
MARIA AURO-RA	1,700	74	4.35%	214	12.59%	31	1.82%	851	50.06%	965	56.76%
SAN LUIS	1,258	173	13.75%	278	22.10%	54	4.29%	38	3.02%	964	76.63%

**Table 6.2. Number of Poor Household by Programs/Services availed**

<b>Aurora</b>	<b>Total HHs</b>	<b>Skill/Livelihood Training</b>		<b>Housing</b>		<b>Microcredit</b>		<b>Self Employment Assistance</b>	
<b><i>Municipality</i></b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>2.66%</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>4.21%</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>1.08%</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>2.71%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	5	0.45%	18	1.64%	0	0.00%	2	0.18%
CASIGURAN	1,544	84	5.44%	54	3.50%	54	3.50%	1	0.06%
DILASAG	1,025	26	2.54%	87	8.49%	32	3.12%	4	0.39%
DINALUNGAN	616	1	0.16%	26	4.22%	0	0.00%	17	2.76%
DINGALAN	917	19	2.07%	87	9.49%	8	0.87%	0	0.00%
DIPACULAO	1,174	1	0.09%	55	4.68%	2	0.17%	0	0.00%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	35	2.06%	18	1.06%	0	0.00%	24	1.41%
SAN LUIS	1,258	77	6.12%	48	3.82%	5	0.40%	205	16.30%



Table 6.2. Number of Poor Household by Programs/Services availed

Aurora	Total HHs	Pantawid Pamilya Pilipino Program		Other Cash Transfer Program		Other Services		None	
<b>Municipality</b>	<b>9,333</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.09%</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>1.64%</b>	<b>1,740</b>	<b>18.64%</b>	<b>1,732</b>	<b>18.56%</b>
BALER (Capital)	1,099	1	0.09%	2	0.18%	171	15.56%	213	19.38%
CASIGURAN	1,544	2	0.13%	29	1.88%	1,045	67.68%	31	2.01%
DILASAG	1,025	0	0.00%	14	1.37%	303	29.56%	55	5.37%
DINALUNGAN	616	0	0.00%	3	0.49%	81	13.15%	238	38.64%
DINGALAN	917	0	0.00%	1	0.11%	9	0.98%	321	35.01%
DIPACULAO	1,174	0	0.00%	1	0.09%	11	0.94%	350	29.81%
MARIA AURORA	1,700	1	0.06%	103	6.06%	22	1.29%	350	20.59%
SAN LUIS	1,258	4	0.32%	0	0.00%	98	7.79%	174	13.83%

# **Department of Social Welfare and Development**

## **National Household Targeting System for Poverty Reduction (NHTS-PR)**

### **Field Office III**

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#### **Alexis Myer I. Delicano**

Administrative Assistant  
(Information Officer)

**December 2012**

# National Household Targeting System for Poverty Reduction (NHTS-PR)

Identifying  
**who and where the poor are**

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(DSWD)

Field Office 3

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**Listahan**  
TALAAN NG PAMILYANG NANGANGAILANGAN